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APPLICATION	NO.	FILING DA	ATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/033,33	3,338 12/28/2001		01	Sridhar Gollamudi	LUTZ 2 00551	7159	
48116	7590		01/09/2008	EXAMINER			
	IARPE/LU JPERIOR A				AGHDAM, FRESHTEH N		
SEVENTH FLOOR CLEVELAND, OH 44114				•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CEETE					2611		
					MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
					01/09/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/033,338	GOLLAMUDI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Freshteh N. Aghdam	2611					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (36(a)). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 C	October 2007.						
<u> </u>							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa							
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-20</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,4,5,7,10 and 16-20</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) <u>3,6,8,9 and 11-15</u> is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers		•					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	ar	•					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	·					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
	·						
	•	·					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P						
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	atom Application					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 2, 4, 10, 11, 15, and 16 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 6-7, 9-11, 16, and 17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,915,477. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 6 of the patent includes the limitation of "a first variable step" as compared to the instant application "a first

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variable size step". However, when the specification is used as a dictionary to learn the meaning of the phrase in the patent see MPEP page section 804, page 800-22. It is clear that the phrase "variable step" is meant to be variable size step see column 7, equations 7-9. The remaining claims are exact copies of one another. Claim 6 of the patent includes additional language that indicates the channel condition threshold is adjusted based upon a packet category in addition to the error detection results. One of ordinary skill would have recognized that voice packets are more tolerable to errors but less tolerable to delay than data packets. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to adjust the thresholds differently depending on the type of packet because of the different requirements and tolerances. Claims 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11 of the patent correspond to claims 2, 4, 10, 15, and 16 of the instant application, respectively. Claims 16 and 17 of the patent both correspond to claim 11 of the instant application. Claim 16 states that the threshold is adjusted up if an error is detected (and inherently, the threshold is adjusted down in the opposite situation, i.e. not error is detected). Claim 17 states the threshold is adjusted down if no error is detected (and inherently, the threshold is adjusted up in the opposite situation). Claim 11 explicitly states that the threshold is adjusted up if there is an error and adjusted down if there is

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 2, 4, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chuang et al (US 2005/0054296).

As to claims 2 and 4, Chuang discloses an adaptive quality control loop for a rate adaptation based on modulation and coding scheme (MCS) levels, the adaptive quality control loop method comprising the steps of: adjusting a first channel condition threshold based on a first error detection result for a first data packet transmission between a transmitter and a receiver using a first variable step size step (Par. 6-7 and 49), wherein the first channel condition threshold is based on a first modulation and coding scheme (MCS) level used in the first data packet transmission, and the first variable step size is determined using a desired MCS error rate (e.g. BLERn) for the first MCS level (Par. 6-7, 41, 43, and 49-50).

As to claim 10, Chuang further discloses determining the first variable size step using a block error rate target criterion and a first data rate associated with the first MCS level (Par. 33-34 and 41).

As to claim 16, Chuang further discloses adjusting a second channel condition threshold based on a second error detection result for a second data packet transmission using a second variable size step, wherein the second channel condition threshold is associated with a second MCS level used in the second data packet transmission (Par. 6-7, 41, 43-44, and 49-50).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chuang et al.

As to claim 7, Chuang teaches all the subject matter claimed above, except for the desired MCS error rate is based on a bit error rate. Chuang discloses that the desired MCS error rate is based on a block error rate. However, one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly recognize that it is well known in the art to estimate level of performance of a communication system using any of the frame, block, or bit error rate. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to employ the bit error rate instead of the block error rate as the quality measurement parameter in order to estimate the level of performance of the system.

As to claim 17, Chuang discloses all the subject matter as recited in claim 2, except for selecting a second MCS level based on an estimation of channel condition between the receiver and transmitter using a table having the adjusted first channel condition threshold. However, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that it is well known in the art to store different modulation coding schemes that correspond to different channel condition thresholds in a table and selecting the appropriate MCS level

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based on the estimate of the channel condition threshold in order to maximize throughput.

As to claims 18, Chuang inherently discloses transmitting a second data packet using the second MCS level.

As to claim 19, Chuang further discloses determining the first variable size step using the first error detection result (BLERn; Par. 41 and 50).

As to claim 20, Chuang a second variable size step using the second error detection result (BLERn; Par. 41 and 50).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3, 6, 8-9, and 11-15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Freshteh N. Aghdam whose telephone number is 571-272-6037. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chieh Fan can be reached on 571-272-3042. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Freshteh Aghdam Examiner Art Unit 2611

January 3, 2008

CHIEH M. FAN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER